NEW STUDIES: A GUIDE TO RECENT PUBLICATIONS IN THE SOCIAL AND BEHA

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a guide to recent publications in the social and behavioral sciences

These items are selected and annotated by the staff of The American Behavioral Scientist in a periodic search of 360 journals and reviews, including nearly 100 published outside the United States. Book and pamphlets are selected for NEW STUDIES from the total output of American commercial, governmental, and non-profit publishers; as well as leading English and Continental publishing houses.

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AAGAARD, JAMES S.

of keyword indexing are also described.

"BIDAP: A Bibliographic Data Processing Program for Keyword Indexing." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (6), pp. 24-27. Describes keyword indexing and the BIDAP computer program, which generates various forms of indexing and facilitates their applications through great flexibility in accepting and generating output. Other computer programs

ALBA, VICTOR

"The Mexican Revolution and the Cartoon." Comparative Studies in Society and History, 1967, IX (2), pp. 121-36. An appraisal of the Mexican cartoon — its changes and influence on Mexican political life before and after the Revolution.

ALEXANDER, THOMAS B.

Sectional Stress and Party Strength. Nashville, Tenn.: Vanderbilt University Press, 1967, 284 pp., \$10.00, L.C. 67-21652. Analysis by computer of roll-call voting patterns in the United States House of Representatives, from 1836 to 1860, the period which predisposed the nation for recession and the Civil War. Includes tables, figures, and computer programs.

ALPERN, MATHEW, LAWRENCE, MERKLE and WOLSK, DAVID

Sensory Processes. Belmont, Calif.: Brooks/Cole Publishing Co., 1967, 151 pp., \$2.35 (paper), L.C. 67-12818. Presents the recent developments in sensory psychology. Compares the processes of human sensations with the sense organs of a variety of experimental animals and at the cellular level.

ARENS, RICHARD

"The Durham Rule in Action: Judicial Psychiatry and Psychiatric Justice." Law & Society Review, 1967, I (2), pp. 41-80. A report on the response of government physicians to the problems of criminal responsibility brought into play by the Durham rule - "An accused is not criminally responsible if his unlawful act was the product of mental illness or defect."

ARGYRIS, CHRIS "On the Future of Laboratory Education." The Journal of Applied Behavioral Science, 1967, III (2), pp. 153-83. Compares laboratory and traditional education - learning groups, student responsibility over direction and control of their education. Identifies current issues of laboratory education which need research.

ARMOR, DAVID, J. et al.
"Professors' Attitudes Toward The Vietnam War." Public Opinion Quarterly, 1967, 31 (2), pp. 159-75. A sample survey

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of professors in 17 colleges in the Boston area which describes the ideological and social characteristics associated with their support for, or opposition to, the Vietnam war. Shows that as of May, 1967, many conceptions about the professors' role in the anti-war movement were incorrect.

ARON, RAYMOND

The Industrial Society: Three Essays on Ideology and Development. New York: Frederick A. Praeger, 1967, 183 pp., \$4.95, L.C. 66-18887. An exploration of varying aspects of contemporary industrial ideology and development, as they appear in the work of Walt W. Rostow, Colin Clark, George Lichtheim, Morris Ginsberg, and H. D. Aiken.

ASHBY, W. ROSS

Design for a Brain. New York: Barnes & Noble, Inc., (distributors) 1967, 286 pp., \$2.85 (paper) \$7.50 (cloth). Proposed solution to the problem of the origin of the nervous system's unique ability to produce adaptive behavior. A revised edition which incorporates the author's work on information theory.

ASSAEL, HENRY, ed.

The Politics of Distributive Trade Associations: A Study in Conflict Resolution. Hempstead, N. Y.: Hofstra University, 1967, 423 pp., \$6.00 (paper), L.C. 67-21808. Examines the distributive conflict within given industries, the sources and nature of conflict, and the political and nonpolitical role of trade associations in resolving conflicts. The Hofstra University Yearbook of Business.

BABCHUK, NICHOLAS, CROCKETT, HARRY J., JR. and BALLWEG, JOHN A.

"Change in Religious Affiliation and Family Stability." Social Forces, 1967, VL (4), pp. 551-55. The relation between change in religious affiliation and family stability are examined, using as a sample wives in highly stable marriages. Hypotheses regarding the stabilizing effect of common religious affiliation are largely supported.

BAILY, J. S. and SINGER, G.

"Behavioural Compensation Through Information Feedback and Transformed Visual Input." Australian Journal of Psychology, 1967, XIX (1), pp. 27-34. In two experiments judgements of kinesthetic horizontality were compared following two conditions of exposure to kinesthetic stimulation from a bar tilted at 20 degrees. The two conditions were found to produce similar aftereffects in post-exposure judgements of kinesthetic horizontality.

Man in the Trap. New York: The Macmillan Company, 1967, 354 pp., \$7.95, L.C. 67-18449. A presentation of Wil-

helm Reich's theory that human character is based upon the movement and blocking of sexual energy. The causes and effects of emotional blocks are analyzed and the types of human character produced are surveyed.

BARNETT, S. A.

BAKER, ELSWORTH F.

Instinct and Intelligence: Behavior of Animals and Man. Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1967, 224 pp., \$6.95, L.C. 67-15163. Describes the roles of instinct and intelligence in the animal kingdom - ways of communication, rites and realms, social communities, responses to tension and

development.

stress, as well as the sources of human behavior. BASS, BERNARD M. "The Anarchist Movement and the T Group: Some Possible Lessons for Organizational Development." The Journal of Applied Behavioral Science, 1967, III (2), pp. 211-27. Dis-

cusses parallels between the history of Spanish anarchism

and the contributions of T-Group training to organizational

BEARDEN, JAMES HUDSON

Personal Selling: Behavioral Science Readings and Cases.

New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1967, 335 pp., L.C. 67-19938. A behavioral science approach to the personal selling function.

also selected cases concerning this topic. BECKER, HOWARD S., ed. The Other Side: Perspectives on Deviance. New York: The Free Press, 1967, 297 pp., \$2.45 (paper), L.C. 64-16953. The

Concepts and findings from multi-disciplinary readings on

the salesman-prospect relationship are presented here and

study of deviance as it relates to sociological research and theory. The authors include Kai T. Erikson, Everett C. Hughes, Irving Kenneth Zola, John Irwin, and Donald A. Cressey.

BECKER, THEODORE L.

"Judicial Structure and Its Political Functioning in Society: New Approaches to Teaching and Research in Public Law."

The Journal of Politics, 1967, 29 (2), pp. 302-33. An investigation of how public law can be broadened as a field of inquiry in political science, in both teaching and research.

BEFU, HARUMI

of a judicial structure.

BERRY, BRIAN J. L.

"The Political Relation of the Village to the State." World

Politics, 1967, 19 (4), pp. 601-20. An examination of the village-state relationship — the determinants of variation in the political relationships between the village community and the central authority, and also within the village's internal political structure.

A general theory is evolved to deal with the political functions

Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1967, 146 pp., \$1.95 (paper), L.C. 67-13355. The geography of retail and

Geography of Market Centers and Retail Distribution.

service business displays regularities in space and time; centralplace theory is a deduction base from which to understand these regularities. The convergence of theoretical postulates and empirical regularities gives substance to marketing geography and certain aspects of city and regional planning.

BLUMBERG, ABRAHAM S. "The Practice of Law as Confidence Game: Organizational

Cooptation of a Profession." Law & Society Review, 1967, I (2), pp. 15-39. Concerned with the sociological and legal aspects of the question, "Does the Supreme Court's conception of the role of counsel in a criminal case square with social reality?"

BOAS, FRANZ Kwakiutl Ethnography, Chicago, Ill.: The University of

Chicago Press, 1967, 439 pp., \$12.50, L.C. 66-13861. Descriptions of Kwakiutl economic organization, property rights,

industries, family relationships, the life cycle with its attendant ceremonies, arts, the distribution of property. An unfinished

manuscript edited by Helen Codere.

BOHANNAN, PAUL and HUCKLEBERRY, KAREN

"Institutions of Divorce, Family, and the Law." Law and Society Review, 1967, I (2), pp. 81-102. Explores the effect on legal institutions of the failure of American culture "to recognize and deal with divorce as a phenomenon closely integrated into the structure and successful functioning of society."

BOLAN, RICHARD S.

"Emerging Views of Planning." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 1967, XXXIII (4), pp. 233-45. Recent writings suggest a new understanding of social movements, governmental processes and alternative "styles" of planning. The author describes a convergence of thought which breaks

down the classical, simplistic ideals characterizing city planning for half a century.

BONJEAN, CHARLES M., BRUCE, GRADY D., and WILLIAMS, J. ALLEN, JR. "Social Mobility and Job Satisfaction: A Replication and

Extension." Social Forces, 1967, VL (4), pp. 492-501. Tests the hypothesis that manual workers have limited career mobility expectations and thus evaluate their own positions in reference to the positions of fathers, brothers, and/or peers.

BRUNHILD, GORDON and BURTON, ROBERT H.

"A Theory of 'Technical Unemployment': One Aspect of Structural Unemployment." The American Journal of Eco-nomics and Sociology, 1967, XXVI (3), pp. 265-77. This paper distinguishes between Keynesian and structural unemployment and concentrates on one type of structural unemployment designated as technical unemployment."

1967 Supplement to Economic Indicators: Historical and

Descriptive Background. Washington D.C.: U. S. Government Printing Office, 1967, 136 pp., (paper), \$.70. Contains his-

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

torical data and a description of each series which appears in the monthly publication Economic Indicators, as well as references to additional technical publications.

BOURNE, LARRY S.

Private Redevelopment of the Central City: Spatial Process

of Structural Change in the City of Toronto. Chicago, Ill.: The University of Chicago, 1967, 199 pp. (paper), L.C. 66-30638. A study of one aspect of structural change, the location and impact of private redevelopment within the central city of the Toronto Metropolitan area. Private redevelopment is

tural inventory of the city.

defined as the continous process of replacement in the struc-

BURNES, ALAN J. and ROEN, SHELDON R.

"Social Roles and Adaptation to the Community." Community Mental Health Journal, 1967, III (2), pp. 153-58. The purpose of this study was to refine, test, and demonstrate the applications of an instrument – the Community Adaptation Schedule. The schedule was administered to samples of mental health professionals, outpatients, and psychiatric hospital patients. It showed high reliability and high predictive value in determining group membership.

BRZEZINSKI, ZBIGNIEW

The Implications of Change for United States Foreign Policy. Washington, D.C.: Department of State Publication, 1967, 4 pp., \$.10. An analysis of current trends, rather than crises, in international politics and the implications of change for the United States position in world affairs.

BRIGGS, ASA

"Urban Perspectives: A Review Article." Urban Studies, 1967, IV (2), pp. 165-69. A review of two volumes of papers presented originally at conferences: The Historian and the City and The Study of Urbanization, concerned, respectively, with the city in history and urbanization and social process.

BROWN, CLINTON C., ed.

Methods in Psychophysiology. Baltimore, Md.: The Williams & Wilkins Co., 1967, 502 pp., \$16.75, L.C. 66-24500. A selection of readings which presents recent developments in the methods and procedures of psychophysiology. The contributors include Stanislaus Radvan-Ziemnowicz, Ruth A. Katz, Louis Siegel, and Roscoe A. Dykman.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

County and City Data Book, 1967: A statistical Abstract Supplement. Washington, D.C.: U. S. Department of Commerce, 1967, 673 pp., \$5.50, L.C. 52-4576. Presents a selection of statistical information for the counties, the standard metropolitan statistical areas, and the cities of the United States.

BURGER, HENRY G.

"Agonemmetry: Adaptability Through Rivalry, An Institution Evolving Genetics and Culture." Systematics, 1967, 5 (1), pp. 1-30. Argues that rivalry noted at specific levels of biology exists and is adaptive at every level of life from the cell to interculture. A discussion of the parallelism between genetic and cultural evolution.

BURGER, HENRY G.

"Ethnometrics: Culture Measurements as a Necessary Counterbalance to the Cost-Effectiveness Revolution; Some Implications of the Computers-In-Anthropology Conference." Computers and the Humanities, 1967, 1, pp. 242-50. A discussion of some of the problems in social science computerization and a critique of the 1965 Wenner-Gren Conference

BURNS, TOM and SAUL, S. B., eds.

covering the use of computers in anthropology.

Social Theory and Economic Change. New York: Barnes and Noble, Inc. (distributors), 1967, 104 pp., \$4.50. Four papers which discuss the relevance and adequacy of formulations of the problem of explanation of social and economic change. The authors of the papers are Michael Argyle, Reinhard Bendix, M. W. Flinn, and Everett E. Hagen.

BURR, ROBERT N.

- Latin American Relations. Washington, D.C.: The Brookings Institution, 1967, 256 pp., \$6.75, L.C. 67-25562. Traces the history of United States relations with Latin America, evaluates United States objectives in relation to the objectives and developmental needs of the Latin American nations, and discusses the shortcomings of the Alliance of Progress.

Our Troubled Hemisphere: Perspectives on United States

CAMPBELL, JOHN C.

Tito's Separate Road: America and Yugoslavia in World Politics. New York: Harper & Row, 1967, 180 pp., \$3.95, L.C. 67-15967. The course of Yugoslav-American relations is traced,

and the role of Yugoslavia in world issues is discussed. Also, the importance of Yugoslavia for the United States since the United States decision to aid Tito against Stalin.

CARRUTHERS, W. I.

shopping facilities.

"Major Shopping Centres in England and Wales." Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 65-81. The 1961 Census of Distribution was used for a new assessment of distribution of shopping centers and their status — based mainly on data about the central shopping areas. A number of indices were compared,

CARZO, ROCCO, JR. and YANOUZAS, JOHN N.

Formal Organization: A Systems Approach, Homewood, Ill.: Richard D. Irwin, Inc., 1967, 591 pp., \$8.50, L.C. 67-14357. The systems approach is applied to the study of formal organizations in order to develop an understanding of human behavior in formal organization, and to develop skills in decision-making about the practical problems of organizational design.

including amount and type of trade, and provision of selected

CHALK, ALFRED F.

"Relativist and Absolutist Approaches to the History of Economic Theory." Southwestern Social Science Quarterly, 1967, 48 (1), pp. 5-12. A discussion of the argument that economic theory has evolved as a product of either the autonomous or the environmental approach.

CHARLESWORTH, JAMES C., ed.

Contemporary Political Analysis. New York: The Free Press, 1967, 380 pp., \$8.50 (cloth) \$3.95 (paper), L.C. 67-14374. Readings on political research methods which emphasizes the newer methodologies. Among the 19 authors are William Flanigan, Edwin Fogelman, Martin Shubik, Robert C. North, Karl Von Vorys, and Oliver Benson.

CHASSAN, J. B.

Research Design in Clinical Psychology and Psychiatry. New York: Appleton-Century-Crofts, 1967, 280 pp., \$5.75, L.C. 67-11441. A textbook on the methodology and a critique of research design in clinical psychology and psychiatry; designed for practitioners in clinical research.

CICOUREL, AARON V.

"Kinship, Marriage, and Divorce in Comparative Family Law." Law & Society Review, 1967, I (2), pp. 103-29. Considers the problems in "common sense," legal, and social science research and scholarship usage of descriptive categories concerning family law.

CODY, ARTHUR B.

"Can a Single Action have Many Different Descriptions?" Inquiry, 1967, X (2), pp. 164-80. Several ways of conceiving

the contrast between description and action are presented. Two concepts — "different" and "true" — are investigated as they apply to the contrast between description and action.

COLBROOK, JOAN

The Cross of Lassitude: Portraits of Five Delinquents. New York: Alfred N. Knopf, 1967, 340 pp., \$5.95, L.C. 67-11120. Five case histories which follow the intertwining lives of delinquent young women for a four year period — from prisons and mental hospitals to their lives in society.

COPEL, SIDNEY L.

Psychodiagnostic Study of Children and Adolescents. Springfield, Ill.: Charles C. Thomas, 1967, 201 pp., \$7.75, L.C. 66-24625. Evaluates the serious psychopathological problems of childhood and adolescence. Covers all phases of the evaluation process from the initial test battery through the problems of differential diagnosis.

CREESE, WALTER L., ed.

The Legacy of Raymond Unwin: A Human Pattern for Planning. Cambridge: The MIT Press, 1967, 234 pp., \$10.00, L.C. 67-12087. Illustrates the work and philosophy of Sir Raymond Unwin (1863-1940). Selections of Unwin's writings and work which include early unpublished essays, excerpts from major books and articles, and illustrations from lectures, diagrams and plans.

DAVIS, VINCENT

The Admirals Lobby. Chapel Hill, N. C.: The University of North Carolina Press, 1967, 329 pp., \$7.50, L.C. 67-23496. A study of American military services as types of political interest groups. Focuses on the participation of naval officers in the policymaking process.

DE FLEUR, LOIS B.

"Ecological Variables in the Cross-Cultural Study of Delinquency." Social Forces, 1967, VL (4), pp. 556-70. Ecological data are presented on juvenile offenders and their offenses in Cordoba, Argentina. These are discussed against a background of United States studies and implications are drawn concerning delinquency theory.

DE GRAZIA, ALFRED

"Continuity and Innovation in Reference Retrieval in the Social Sciences: Illustrations from the Universal Reference System." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (6), pp. 1-3. Reviews the computerized Universal Reference System, a documentation and information retrieval system employing citations of materials in all the social sciences, and automated reference systems in general.

THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

United States Policy in the Near East Crisis. Washington, D.C.: Bureau of Public Affairs, 1967, 24 pp., \$.20. The official statements of President Johnson and Arthur J. Goldberg on the Near East crisis during United Nations Security Council's consideration of the crisis.

DE REUCK, ANTHONY and KNIGHT, JULIE, eds.

Caste and Race: Comparative Approaches. Boston, Mass.: Little, Brown and Co., 1967, 348 pp., \$12.00. L.C. 66-30164. A collection of papers from a CIBA Foundation symposium. The concepts of caste and class, industrialization of traditional societies, and patterns of social segregation are discussed. The authors include Edmund Leach, Surajit Sinba, F. H. Raneau, and George De Vos.

DUKE, JAMES T.

"Theoretical Alternatives and Social Research." Social Forces, 1967, VL (4), pp. 571-82. A survey of current sociological research is reported in which each research article is classified in terms of the theoretical alternatives. Implications for theory and research are discussed.

EARHARD, MARCIA

"The Facilitation of Memorization by Alphabetic Instructions." Canadian Journal of Psychology, 1967, XXI (1), pp. 37-56. An experiment investigating factors responsible for the dramatic increase in memorization after instruction to remember items in alphabetic order.

EDINGER, LEWIS J. and SEARING, DONALD D.

"Social Background in Elite Analysis: A Methodological Inquiry." The American Political Science Review, 1967, LXI (2), pp. 428-45. A cross-national comparison of political systems and particularly their leadership. The relationship between social background and attitude patterns are investigated.

ELAZAR, DANIEL J.

"'Fragmentation' and Local Organizational Response to Federal-City Programs." Urban Affairs Quarterly, 1967, II (4), pp. 30-46. Examines three major programs in Illinois—airport construction, public housing, and urban renewal—in an analysis of the problems of local government "fragmentation."

ELINSON, JACK, PADILLA, ELENA, and PERKINS, MARVIN, E.

Health Materials Center, 1967, 288 pp., L.C. 67-15325. A survey conducted in New York City to provide the planner of mental health services with guidance about the attitudes of the adult population toward mental health services. Lack of use of aftercare services for the mentally ill is one area discussed.

Public Image of Mental Health Services. New York: Mental

EPPS, EDGAR G.

"Socionomic Status, Race, Level of Aspiration and Juvenile Delinquency: A Limited Empirical Test of Merton's Concept of Deviation." Phylon, 1967, 28 (1), pp. 16-27. Hypotheses concerning the incidence of delinquent behavior in various socioeconomic strata, racial groups and with different levels of occupational and educational aspiration were tested on high school students in Seattle, Washington. Concludes that Merton's concept deserves questioning.

FARBEY, B. A. and MURCHLAND, J. D.

"Towards an Evaluation of Road System Designs." Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 27-37. Evaluates different road network designs for new or expanded towns. A model has been developed as a computer program which provides an evaluation of both the cost of providing the facility, and the cost of using it for travel to work.

FENTON, NORMAN, REIMER, ERNEST G., and WILMER, HARRY A., eds.

The Correctional Community: An Introduction and Guide. Berkeley, Calif.: University of California Press, 1967, \$2.25 (paper), L.C. 67-14117. A selection of studies which emphasizes the use of social forces in the peer group methods of the resocialization of inmates. The authors are Ernest G. Reimer, Howard Ohmart, Floyd A. Chamlee, Glynn B. Smith, Norman Fenton, and John P. Conrad.

"The Politics of Property Taxation." Administrative Science Quarterly, 1967, XII (1), pp. 48-71. Property tax administration can be viewed as a political process controlled in varying degrees by state statutes regulating administrative procedures. In this article, the process is seen as a game where the participants have goals and adopt strategies that affect the outcome of the process.

FISHER, CLEN W. and FAIRBANKS, ROBERT P.

FITTS, PAUL M. and POSNER, MICHAEL I. Human Performance. Belmont, Calif.: Brooks/Cole Pub-

lishing Co., 1967, 162 pp., \$2.35 (paper), L.C. 67-11662. The complexities of human performance are analyzed by specifying the capacities and limitations of man's intellectual and physical skills. Arguments are related to results of experimental studies. FRIEDMANN, JOHN and LACKINGTON, TOMAS "Hyperurbanization and National Development in Chile:

Some Hypotheses." Urban Affairs Quarterly, 1967, II (4), pp.

3-29. "Hyperurbanization refers to the relation of disequi-

librium between the levels of a country's urbanization and

economic development." The authors discuss the prolonged

discrepency between the rates of urbanization and per capita

income, especially in countries with incomes between \$300 and \$1,200.

GALTUNG, JOHAN

armament system prevails.

"Two Approaches to Disarmament." Journal of Peace Research, 1967, 2, pp. 161-95. Disarmament thinking and particularly disarmament negotiations are governed by a legalist frame of reference patterned after domestic law, the use of a treaty, detection and adjudication machinery, a system of sanctions, and a validation system (Supreme Courts in domestic law). Disarmament is unlikely as long as the present dis-

GARFIELD EUGENE and SHER, IRVING H. "Asca (Automatic Subject Citation Alert): A New Person-

alized Current Awareness Service for Scientists." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (5), pp. 29-32. Describes a large scale personalized reference system commercially available to scientists. A multidisciplinary approach is used in this system

which integrates the literature of diverse disciplines. GINZBERG, ELI and ASSOCIATES The Middle-Class Negro in the White Man's World. New

York: Columbia University Press, 1967, 182 pp., \$5.00, L.C. 67-26364. A study of the goals of Negro young men not handicapped by economic or emotional deprivation. Their attitudes toward their careers, marriage and children, the Civil Rights movement, and the roles they expect to play in the community,

GINZBURG, ELI and SMITH, HERBERT A. Manpower Strategy for Developing Countries: Lessons

from Ethiopia. New York: Columbia University Press, 1967, 188 pp., \$6.75, L.C. 67-19876. In describing the Ethiopian situation, the authors offer guidelines for manpower planning relevant to other developing countries. Agriculture, industry, education and government are the key sectors that determine the rate at which a nation develops manpower resources and effectiveness.

"Are Regional Cultural Differences Diminishing?" Public Opinion Quarterly, 1967, 31 (2), pp. 176-93. Questions the assumption that the United States is losing its geographic cultural differences and becoming a mass homogeneous society. Changing trends are measured by comparing the opinions of old and young in the same survey to reveal over-all changes in regional differences. GLOCK, CHARLES Y., RINGER, BENJAMIN B., and BABBIE, EARL R. To Comfort and to Challenge: A Dilemma of the Con-

Issues and Problems in Contemporary Educational Admin-

pp., \$2.00 (paper), L.C. 67-64346. A report of conferences

and personal interviews with administrators and personnel of

various educational functions concerning problems of their

"Ecology and Peace Research." Journal of Peace Research,

1967, 2, pp. 128-39. The ecological systems to which groups

have been adapted are investigated and related to peace re-

search. The article discusses John Galtung's "Structural Theory

of Agression," and emphasizes the ecological background of

conflicts. Group conflicts seem to be concomitant to the in-

troduction of new mechanisms of conversion of energy,

GLENN, NORVAL D. and SIMMONS, J. L.

temporary Church. Berkeley, Calif.: University of California Press, 1967, 268 pp., \$5.75, L.C. 67-15560. A national survey

of Episcopalians which analyzes the current dilemma of this church in America. Two themes in the history of Christianity are emphasized - "to ease the pain of human misery and to provide moral and social leadership."

GOLDHAMMER, KEITH et al.

GJESSING, GUTORM

istration. Eugene, Ore.: Center for the Advanced Study of Educational Administration, University of Oregon, 1967, 177

position and background preparation.

GORDON, GERALD, ed.

Science and Policy. Beverly Hills, Calif.: Sage Publications,

Inc., 1967, 32 pp. (paper), \$3.00. The May, 1967, issue of the American Behavioral Scientist examines the differences between the administrative and the research aspects of the social sciences and the gap between researchers and policy makers. The authors are Harold Wolff, Alvin M. Weinberg, Joseph Haberer, Todd La Porte, Gerald Gordon, Ann Parelius, and

GREEN, CHRISTOPHER

Sue Marquis.

Negative Taxes and the Poverty Problem, Washington, D.C.: The Brookings Institution, 1967, 210 pp., \$6.75 (cloth) \$2.50 (paper), L.C. 67-19191. An analysis of alternative proposals for changing the federal tax system into a single system for collecting revenue and providing payments to the poor.

GROSSMAN, JOEL B.

"Social Backgrounds and Judicial Decisions: Notes for a Theory." The Journal of Politics, 1967, 29 (2), pp. 334-51. The social and political backgrounds of judges are analyzed through the use of these concepts - conversion, consensus and rationality - to explain their decision-making behavior.

GRUBER, HELMUT

International Communism in the Era of Lenin: A Documentary History. Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1967, 512 pp., \$7.50, L.C. 67-20946. A collection of doctrinal statements, manifestoes, analyses, tactical decisions, and

polemics from the early years of the Communist movement — interpreted and explained as a narrative.

HAGEDORN, ROBERT and LABOVITZ, SANFORD

"An Analysis of Community and Professional Participation among Occupations." Social Forces, 1967, VL (4), pp. 483-91. Occupational groups in a large-scale research organization are analyzed with regard to their membership and participation in community and professional associations. Among community associations, some support is found for the hypothesis that individuals who join one type of association are likely to join other types.

HALL, P.

"New Techniques in Regional Planning: Experience of Transportation Studies." Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 17-21. A systematic methodology exists for metropolitan area transportation study. Problems remain in predicting land uses and the economic and social patterns behind them. Evaluative models consider the social value of alternative patterns of land use and transportation.

HAMILTON, RICHARD F.

Affluence and the French Worker in the Fourth Republic. Princeton, N. J.: Princeton University Press, 1967, 323 pp., \$8.50, L.C. 67-11033. An explanation of the persistent leftist character of French working-class politics during a period of rapid industrialization and improving living standards. Increased affluence is correlated with changes in social structure that increase radicalism.

HANEY, WILLIAM V.

Communication and Organizational Behavior: Text and Cases. Homewood, Ill.: Richard D. Irwin, Inc., 1967, 533 pp., \$8.00, L.C. 67-21003. A logic of communication applicable to individuals working in organizational settings—business, government, military, hospital, and educational institutions. A second edition.

HANSON, NORWOOD RUSSELL

"An Anatomy of Discovery." The Journal of Philosophy, 1967, 64 (11), pp. 321-52. A philosophical analysis of the concept of discovery as it relates to the philosophy of science — the philosophical ideas behind it, differing degrees of conceptual complexity, and the conception of scientific significance.

HARTMANN, ERNEST

The Biology of Dreaming. Springfield, Ill.: Charles C. Thomas, 1967, 206 pp., \$9.75, L.C. 67-12703. A summary of recent advances in sleep and dream research, concentrating on the delineation of an entire biological state, concomitant with dreaming in man and occurring in all mammals.

HAYS, WILLIAM L.

Quantification in Psychology. Belmont, Calif.: Brooks/Cole Publishing Co., 1967, 87 pp., \$2.35 (paper), L.C. 67-12819. Introduces the student of psychology to measurement. Presents methods for numerical scoring of behavioral data and the rationale for measurement procedures.

HEBAL, JOHN J.

"Approaches to Regional and Metropolitan Governments in the United States and Canada." Canadian Public Administration, 1967, X (2), pp. 197-208. Compares recent developments in regional and metropolitan governments in Canada and the United States and presents recent theoretical con-

tributions by political scientists on the problems of regional governments. Suggests some trends in metropolitan and regional government, attempting to project to the year 2000.

HILLS, JEAN R.

The Concept of System. Eugene, Ore.: Center for the Advanced Study of Educational Administration, University of Oregon, 1967, 20 pp., \$1.00 (paper). A discussion of the essentials of the concept of social system. Distinguishes guides for formulating problems in empirical research and also misuses of this concept.

HIRSCH, G. P.

"Jamaica — A Regional Approach." Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 47-63. The major problems of Jamaica include the difficulty of coping with the population increase, the drift of population into the Kingston area, the unequal distribution of wealth and income, law productivity particularly in agriculture, and the existence of marginal areas especially in the hills and mountains. The 1963 Five Year Development Plan attempts to grapple with these problems.

HIRSCH, JOSEPH, ed.

Opportunities and Limitations in the Treatment of Alcoholics. Springfield, Ill.: Charles C. Thomas, 1967, 103 pp., \$5.75, L.C. 67-12025. Collected papers from a symposium on alcoholism concerned with its diagnosis, management, prevention, and control. The contributors are Marvin A. Block, Peter Hartocollis, Joseph Hirsh, David J. Pittman, Vonceal Poiner, and Laura E. Root.

HIRSCHI, TRAVIS and SELVIN, HANAN C.

Delinquency Research: An Appraisal of Analytic Methods. New York: The Free Press, 1967, 279 pp., \$7.95, L.C. 67-15058. An account of how to analyze survey data, a critique of delinquency research, and some essays on methodology. Studies conducted between 1950 and the present, which rely on questionnaire and interview data, on the causes of delinquency are used as examples of research.

HODGE, GERALD

"The Rise and Demise of the U.N. Technical Assistance Administration." Canadian Public Administration, 1967, X (1), pp. 1-24. An analysis of the factors involved in the survival of an organization: dominance of leadership, intergroup rivalries, maintenance of goals, and pressures from the organization's environment.

HOOVER INSTITUTION

Arms Control Arrangements for the Far East, Stanford, Calif.: Hoover Institution on War, Revolution and Peace, Stanford University, 1967, 215 pp., \$5.00 (paper), L.C. 67-20822, Recommendations for immediate arms control measures for the Far East and proposals to effect peaceful resolutions of conflicts. Prepared by Dr. Yuan-li Wu and a team of scholars.

HUDSON, BARBARA and McDONALD, ROBERT H.

Governmental Studies, University of California, Berkeley.

Metropolitan Communities: A Bibliography with Special Emphasis upon Government and Politics, Supplement: 1958-1964. Chicago, Ill.: Public Administration Service, 1967, \$10.00, L.C. 67-21928. References more than 6,000 books, periodical articles, bibliographies, surveys and studies of American metropolitan areas published between 1958 and 1964. Developed under the sponsorship of the Institute for

IKLE, FRED C. "Can Social Predictions be Evaluated?" Daedalus, 1967, 96

(3), pp. 733-58. A discussion of the nature of prediction and some of the problems involved in evaluating prediction.

JANDA, KENNETH and RADAR, GARY "Selective Dissemination of Information: A Progress Report

from Northwestern University." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (5), pp. 24-29. Describes "Selective Dissem-

ination of Information," a computerized system at Northwestern University for automatically notifying scholars of new information, usually books or articles, considered relevant to their research interests.

JAROS, DEAN "Children's Orientation Toward The President: Some Addi-

tional Theoretical Considerations and Data." The Journal of Politics, 1967, 29 (2), pp. 368-87. A study in which "children's attribution of coercive strength to the President plays the key role." The data is taken from a survey of 746 Detroit school children which empirically establishes the existence of the coercive image.

JEANNIERE, ABEL

The Anthropology of Sex. New York: Harper and Row, 1967, 188 pp., \$6.00, L.C. 67-14941. A justification of the ideal of Christian love and marriage in terms of contemporary existentialist philosophy, following Husserl and Heidegger. Jeanniere dispels with the mystique of the pseudo-foundations of love - the biological, psychoanalytic, and sociological.

JENCKS, CLINTON E.

"Social Status of Coal Miners in Britain Since Nationalization." The American Journal of Economics and Sociology, 1967, XXVI (3), pp. 301-12. Discusses the vastly improved social status of the coal miner in Great Britain since nationalization and identifies some of the elements responsible for the change. Presents the personal opinions of miners in many phases of the coal mining industry.

JOHN, I. D.

"A Statistical Decision Theory of Simple Reaction Time." Australian Journal of Psychology, 1967, XIX (1), pp. 27-34. A statistical decision theory of simple reaction time is outlined. The theory is applied with some success to findings which include the stimulus intensity-reaction time relationship, motor and sensory preparation, and the effect of forewarning signals.

JOHN, I. D.

"Sequential Effects of Stimulus Characteristics in a Serial Reaction Time Task." Australian Journal of Psychology, 1967 XIX (1), pp. 27-34. An experiment is described using 20 subjects in a serial auditory reaction time task which demonstrates sequential effects of manipulation of stimulus intensity from trial to trial. The findings are utilized to explain previously established differences between the performance of normals

KAHN, HERMAN and WIENER, ANTHONY J.

and schizophrenics in serial reaction time tasks.

"The Next Thirty-Three Years: A Framework for Speculation. Daedalus, 1967, 96 (3), pp. 705-32. Methods for making systematic conjectures about the future - the identification of various technological, social, political and economic trends; clustering of significant events by time intervals; and statistical projections of key variables in society.

KARIEL, HENRY S.

"The Political Relevance of Behavioral Existential Psychology." The American Political Science Review, 1967, 61 (2), pp. 334-42. Discusses the psychologies of behaviorism and existentionalism as non-political approaches to the understanding of politics and takes into account their bearings on normative political thought.

KAVIC, LORNE J.

India's Quest for Security: Defence Policies, 1947-1965. Berkeley, Calif.: University of California Press, 1967, 263 pp., \$7.95, L.C. 67-16788. A report of India's search for security since Independence - the aims and bases of national policy. Sources include official and other publications, and personal interviews with military officers and civil officials.

KLAUSNER, SAMUEL Z., ed.

The Study of Total Societies, New York: Frederick A. Praeger, 1967, 220 pp., \$6.00 (cloth) \$1.25 (paper), L.C. 67-12852. Drawing upon the behavioral sciences, the contributors develop theory which views society as an integral unit with interdependent parts. The authors are Kenneth E. Boulding, James S. Coleman, Amitai Etzioni, Abraham Kardiner, Samuel Z. Klausner, Marion J. Lenz, Jr., Ithiel de Sola Pool, Anatol Rapoport, and Edward A. Tiryakian.

KLEIN, MALCOLM W., ed.

Juvenile Gangs in Context: Theory, Reasarch and Action. Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1967, 210 pp., \$3.50 (paper), L.C. 67-10117. A selection of papers in the field of delinquency with various differences in their approaches to the nature of delinquency and its causes. Some of the authors are John P. Koval, Kenneth Polk, Irving Spergel,

KNAPP, WILFRED F.

Ray A. Tennyson.

A History of War and Peace 1939-1965. New York: Oxford University Press, 1967, 639 pp., \$10.00, L.C. 67-22787. A comprehensive narrative of world politics since 1939. Knapp demonstrates by argument the nature of power and its balance, the relation of ideas to force and change in the world, and the relevance of national politics to international relations.

KOCHEN, MANFRED, ed.

The Growth of Knowledge: Readings on Organization and Retrieval of Information. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1967, 394 pp., \$14.95, L.C. 67-13526. An examination of the goals of computer technology which presents ideas rather than technique. Some of the contributors are Rudolph Carnap, M. E. Maron, Charles L. Van Doren, Joyce R. Harman.

KOH, HESUNG G.

"A Social Science Bibliographic System: Computer Adaptations." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (5) pp. 2-5. Description of the Korean Social Science Bibliography project - the use of a computer to establish a social science bibliography on Korea with cross references and annotations, and a system for storage and retrieval. Adapting the mechanized procedures developed in medical and other science libraries to social science data and East Asian languages.

KOLVIN, ISRAEL, OUNSTED, CHRISTOPHER, and LEE,

'Aggression in Adolescent Delinquents." The British Journal of Criminology, 1967, VII (3), 1967, pp. 296-314. A study of adolescent delinquent boys whose behavior is categorized

into five types of aggressiveness which are analyzed, and a case history is presented for each type of aggressiveness.

KREITLER, HANS and KREITLER, SHULAMITH

"Crucial Dimensions of the Attitude Towards National and Supra-National Ideals." Journal of Peace Research, 1967, 2, pp. 107-24. An exploration of various dimensions of the attitude towards ideals and the test of a hypothesis about the interrelations of these dimensions. Conducted on 200 Israelis, the authors found a high evaluation of such ideals as peace and progress in education, and a low evaluation of sociopolitical ideals.

LABOVITZ, SANFORD

"Territorial Basis of the Division of Labor: Measurement and Theoretical Considerations." The American Journal of Economics and Sociology, 1967, 26, (2), pp. 147-58. Considers both the theoretical significance and operational measurement of the territorial basis of the division of labor. Tests performed for each census year from 1900-1950 give support to a theory linking the territorial basis to technological efficiency and urbanization.

LANDRETH, CATHERINE

Early Childhood: Behavior and Learning. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., 1967, 388 pp., \$9.50, L.C. 67-11118. A new edition which evaluates research, its implications and limitations, about child development from the prenatal period to age seven. Provides a survey of the research in this field during the 1960's.

LANDSBERGER, HENRY A. and SAAVEDRA, ANTONIO

"Response Set in Developing Countries." Public Opinion Quarterly, 1967, 31 (2), pp. 214-29. Demonstrates difficulties in measuring attitudes of different social strata in developing countries with the use of questionnaires such as the California F scale. Experimenting in response set between social classes in Chile, the authors found the "acquiescence set" to be most frequent among lower, less educated classes.

LAWRENCE, PAUL R. and LORSCH, JAY W.

"Differentiation and Integration in Complex Organizations." Administrative Science Quarterly, 1967, XII (1), pp. 1-47. A comparative study of six organizations operating in the same industrial environment. An investigation was made into how economically high performing organizations attain both highly differentiated and well integrated states.

LEISERSON, AVERY

"Science and the Public Life." The Journal of Politics, 1967, 29 (2), pp. 241-60. Discusses the "political science of science"—leadership, research, influence, philosophical problems. Indicates the sort of research program suggested by the politics of science. Suggests that political science can be useful in the political socialization and recruitment of scientists.

LIBAW, FRIEDA B.

"Information Handling in the Behavioral Sciences: Report of a First Convocation of a Conglomerate Clan." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (6), pp. 8-12. Report of the Oct., 1966, Santa Monica, Calif. conference sponsored by the Calton Institute, in conjunction with the American Documentation Institute, concerning information handling capabilities of the social sciences. A reference list is included.

LICHFIELD, N.

(1), pp. 11-16. The pattern of regional planning in Great Britain can be compared with the contrasting models offered by the United States, France, and Venezuela. There are some essential elements of a regional plan which can be grouped under these headings: objectives, problems, function, content, programme, and implementation.

"Scope of the Regional Plan." Regional Studies, 1967, I

LICHTMAN, RICHARD "Indeterminacy in the Social Sciences." Inquiry, 1967, X

(2), pp. 139-50. Contends that a principle of indeterminacy exists in the social sciences which bears some resemblance to the Heisenberg principle in the realm of physics: In the social sciences the principle is based on the capacity of human beings to alter their behavior on the basis of changing conceptions of their social condition.

LINNER, BERGITTA

Sex and Society in Sweden. New York: Pantheon Books, 1967, \$5.95, 204 pp., L.C. 66-11711. A description of the Swedish way of life, their national sex education program, and their debate about the sex roles.

MALLORY, WALTER H., ed. Political Handbook and Atlas of the World, 1967. New

An annual reference work providing facts on the composition of governments, programs and leaders of political parties, summaries of recent domestic and foreign events. Includes a color supplement of continent, region and country maps.

York: Harper & Row, 1967, 366 pp., \$8.50, L.C. 28-12165.

MANN, LESTER et al. "A Pilot Training Program to Develop Physical Recreation

Leaders for Work with Emotionally Disturbed Children.'

Community Mental Health Journal, 1967, III (2), pp. 159-62. Preliminary findings in a pioneer training project to prepare physical education graduate students to assume leadership roles in recreation work with emotionally disturbed children. An 80-day, year-round program exposes the trainees to a variety of experimental opportunities in both day-camping

MANN, RICHARD D. Interpersonal Styles and Group Development: An Analysis

and community recreation settings.

of the Member-Leader Relationship. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1967, 308 pp., \$8.25, L.C. 67-17345. "The primary focus of this investigation is upon the changing relationship between the members of groups and their formal leaders." A scoring ssytem is developed to record the direct and symbolic expressions of member's feelings and the results are interpreted. In collaboration with Graham S. Gibbard and John

J. Hartman, MARS, DAVID

"Localism and Regionalism in Southern California." Urban Affairs Quarterly, 1967, II (4), pp. 47-74. An analysis of questionnaire responses by a large sample of Southern California local government officials on the allocation of governmental functions.

MARX, EMANUEL Bedouin of the Negev. New York: Frederick A. Praeger, 1967, 260 pp., \$8.50, L.C. 67-19214. A study of contempo-

rary Bedouin life – ecological factors, political organization and leadership of a tribe, composition of camps and cycles of movement, patterns of marriage, the effects of government administration.

McCRONE, G.

"The Application of Regional Accounting in the United Kingdom." Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 39-45. Existing statistics for evaluating regional accounts are deficient in most countries, particularly in Great Britain. Essential to regional accounts are estimates of regional gross domestic product by

industries and sectors, and data on regional investment.

MEAD, MARGARET

"The Life Cycle and its Variations: The Division of Roles." Daedalus, 1967, 96 (3), pp. 871-75. Affluent societies set world-wide styles that define the nature of relations between men and women. When members of less affluent and newly developing societies cannot follow, conscious discontent and resentment and ideological movements may be expected.

MILLER, LEO "Family Structure and Conditions of Hospitalization for Schizophrenia." Community Mental Health Journal, 1967, III, (2), pp. 125-32. Discusses which social supports might permit the retention of schizophrenic patients in the community. Various types of family structures are examined in relation to the estimated duration of symptoms prior to hospitalization.

MILLER, LINDA B.

"Regional Organization and the Regulation of Internal Conflict." World Politics, 1967, 19 (4), pp. 582-600. The structural and political realities of regional organization indicate that possibilities for attaining effective management of civil strife through regional efforts are limited. The limitations that characterize the responses of regional organizations to civil strife are analyzed.

MULLER, ANDRE L.

"Economic Growth and Minorities." The American Journal of Economics and Sociology, 1967, XXVI (3), pp. 227-30. Scrutinizes the validity of the statement by Herman D. Block, that "the idea that the Negro has enjoyed an advance in economic status is a fallacy.'

MOORE, WILBERT E. Order and Change: Essays in Comparative Sociology. New

York: John Wiley & Sons, 1967, 313 pp., \$8.95, L.C. 67-19449. A collection of essays emphasizing the interplay between persistence and change in social patterns and individual behavior. Some essays represent departures from the conventions of sociology.

MURDOCK, BENNET B., JR.

"Distractor and Probe Technique in Short-Term Memory." Canadian Journal of Psychology, 1967, XXI (1), pp. 25-36. Two experiments were conducted to investigate if there is a difference in short-term memory when the retention interval is filled with unrelated non-learning materials or related learning materials.

NOLAND, AARON

"Pierre-Joseph Proudhon: Socialist as Social Scientist." The American Journal of Economics and Sociology, 1967, XXVI (3), pp. 331-28. Presents a biographical sketch of Proudhon and delineates his theory of society - the study of collective forces reveals society to be an equilibrium of opposing elements and social change occurs when the elements are disturbed. A new equilibrium occurs when the changes in the elements are embodied in institutions.

OLSON, DAVID M.

"The Structure of Electoral Politics." The Journal of Politics, 1967, 29 (2), pp. 352-67. The concept of structure is adapted from the literature of community power to the study of elec-

tion campaigns. The major elements of the electoral structure are isolated and compared and contrasted among the different types of electoral structures.

OSWIN, MAUREEN Behavior Problems Amongst Children with Cerebral Palsy.

Baltimore, Md.: The Williams & Wilkins Co. (distributors), 1967, 93 pp. (paper), \$4.85. The psychological aspects of the cerebral palsy child's life problems are presented - early years to adolescence; effect upon his family, particularly parents; problems of hospitalization for long periods of time.

PALDA, KRISTIAN S.

size and income.

"A Comparison of Consumer Expenditures in Quebec and Ontario." The Canadian Journal of Economics and Political Science, 1967, XXXIII (1), pp. 17-26. Investigates the hypothesis that cultural differences cause consumption patterns to differ between Quebec and Ontario households of similar

PALUMBO, DENNIS and WILLIAMS, OLIVER P.

"Predictors of Public Policy: The Case of Local Public Health." Urban Affairs Quarterly, 1967, II (4), pp. 75-92. Investigates some methodological problems involved in the relationship between demographic variables and decisionmaking in local public health.

PARSONS, P. A.

The Genetic Analysis of Behaviour. New York: Barnes & Noble, Inc. (distributors), 1967, 174 pp., \$4.50. Discusses how a behavioral trait can be analysed from the genetic point of view. The behavior in man is considered through work in

experimental organisms, specifically Drosophilia and rodents. PEARSALL, MARION and KERN, M. SUE

"Behavioral Science, Nursing Services, and the Collaborative Process: A Case Study." The Journal of Applied Behavioral Science, 1967, III (2), pp. 243-66. Account of an administrative consultation project between an anthropologist and administrative staff members of the nursing services in a university medical center.

PEATTIE, LISA R.

"The Social Anthropologist in Planning." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 1967, XXXIII (4), pp. 266-68. The report of an anthropologist on the problems of anthropologists working with planners. The project involved was the planning and development of an industrial city in the interior of Venezuela.

PLANK, JOHN, ed. Cuba and the United States: Long Range Perspectives.

Washington, D. C.: The Brookings Institution, 1967, 265 pp., \$6.75, L.C. 67-21483. Ten essays on United States and Cuban relations - the foreign and domestic consequences of Castro's revolution, Cuban business and economic relations before and after Castro. The authors include Kalman H. Silvert, Raymond Aron, Alfred Grosser, Raymond Carr, and John Plank.

POPENOE, DAVID

"Community Development and Community Planning." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 1967, XXXIII (4), pp. 259-65. Concentrates on understanding the relation-

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ship between two processes - community planning and community integration. Community development, as defined here, signifies the simultaneous change of both the society and the individual.

POWLEDGE, FRED

power structure.

Black Power, White Resistance: Notes on the New Civil War, Cleveland, Ohio: The World Publishing Co., 1967, 282 pp., \$6.95, L.C. 67-15224. A review of aspects of race relations in the United States today, in both North and South. Powledge examines the power structures of economic and financial power. He contends that token integration in the South results from economic and financial gain for the white

RAPOPORT, AMOS and KANTOR, ROBERT E.

"Complexity and Ambiguity in Environmental Design." Journal of the American Institute of Planners, 1967, XXXIII (44), pp. 210-33. Simplicity and clarity in the intent of much environmental design is questioned from several points of view. Recent psychological research shows that humans prefer ambiguous, complex patterns in their visual fields, as a fundamental preceptual preference.

REISSMAN, LEONARD and SILVERT, KALMAN H., eds. Ethics and Social Science Research. Beverly Hills, Calif.: Sage Publications, Inc., 1967, 34 pp. (paper), \$3.00. The June, 1967, issue of the American Behavioral Scientist brings into focus the ethical issues facing the social scientist today. The authors are Leonard Reissman, Kalman H. Silvert, Elizabeth T. Crawford, Gene M. Lyons, Gresham M. Sykes, Kenneth F. Boulding, Richard N. Adams, Oscar Varsansky, Roger

Davidson, David Kavenock, Theodore R. Vallance.

REISSMAN, FRANK

"Strategies and Suggestions for Training Nonprofessionals." Community Mental Health Journal, 1967, III (2), pp. 103-10. Presents the problems of introducing and training non-professionals to various structures such as neighborhood service centers and service agencies. Problems of role ambiguity of

RILEY, CARROLL L. and TAYLOR, WALTER W., eds. American Historical Anthropology: Essays in Honor of Leslie Spier. Carbondale, Ill.: Southern Illinois University

contrasting usefulness of the United Nations.

the nonprofessional are discussed.

Press, 1967, 225 pp., \$7.50, L.C. 67-10026. Eleven essays by former students of Leslie Spier, teacher and developer of the scientific approach in American anthropology, whose interests were primarily historical reconstruction and ethnology. The contributors include Charles H. Lange, David G. Mandelbaum, Harvey C. Moore, and Robert L. Rands.

ROSENBAUM, NAOMI

"Cyprus and the United Nations: An Appreciation of Parliamentary Diplomacy." The Canadian Journal of Economics and Political Science, 1967, XXXIII (2), pp. 217-31. Cyprus's encounters with the United Nations illustrate the general inadequacy of ordinary international communication and the

ROSOW, IRVING

Social Integration of the Aged. New York: The Free Press, 1967, 354 pp., L.C. 67-15059. A clarification of the major obstacles and opportunities that govern older people's social participation. Rosow uses a large-scale sample of small environments in a broad metropolitan area to study the aged

as they function in a natural community setting.

ROYAL AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS

Australian Outrage: The Decay of a Visual Environment. New York: Taplinger Publishing Co., Inc. (Distributors), 1967, 128 pp., \$3.95 (paper), L.C. 66-14781, A book made from the exhibit entitled "Outrage" of the Royal Australian Institute of Architects which toured Australia. A statement of the debasement of the visual environment of Australia - with

SALYZYN, VLADIMIR

"Federal-Provincial Tax Sharing Schemes." Canadian Public Administration, 1967, X (2), pp. 161-66. Investigates the possibility of two levels of government sharing a tax - a solution to the inadequacy of existing provincial and municipal tax structures. A program would involve grants in aid, shared expenditure programs, and structural reorganization.

SANT, M.E.C.

photographs.

"Unemployment and Industrial Structure in Great Britain." of unemployment in Great Britain with the industrial struc-

Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 83-91. Correlates local rates

ture of cities and regions, using data for 1960-65. It appears that a given city or region owes its broad level of unemployment to its industrial structure.

SARBIN, THEODORE R.

"The Dangerous Individual: An Outcome of Social Identity Transformations." The British Journal of Criminology, 1967, VII (3), pp. 285-95. Examines and defines the concept of danger as it applies to inmates of a maximum security prison. Concludes that the dangerous offender is, to a large measure, the outcome of the institutions created to manage them.

SCHON, DONALD A.

Invention and the Evolution of Ideas. New York: Barnes & Noble, Inc. (distributors), 1967, 208 pp., \$4.00 (paper) \$5.75 (cloth). A unifying principle, "the displacement of concepts," explains the emergence of novelty in theories, scientific discovery and invention. Examples are drawn from cases of invention in industry, theories in philosophy, the human sciences and common-sense beliefs.

SCOTT, W. RICHARD et al. "Organizational Evaluation and Authority." Administrative Science Quarterly, 1967, XII (1), pp. 93-117. A study of authority systems in five organizations. Authority is viewed as authorization to attempt to control the behavior of others; authority systems are defined in terms of the distribution of

SELF, P.J.O. "Regional Planning in Britain: Analysis and Evaluation."

Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 3-10. The new interest in economic regional planning distinguishes a contrast between the economic planning region, the city or urban region, and the administrative or cultural region. The national and the regional contributions to regional planning are in need of careful distinguishing.

SIGMUND, PAUL E., ed.

these rights among participants.

The Ideologies of the Developing Nations. New York: Frederick A. Praeger, 1967, 428 pp., \$8.00, L.C. 66-14384. A comparative treatment of political thought and ideologies of leaders of developing nations. Presents selections from their speeches, articles and books, as well as brief descriptions of developing areas and biographical sketches of the authors. Revised from the 1963 edition.

SIGSWORTH, E. M. and WILKINSON, R. K. "Rebuilding or Renovation?" Urban Studies, 1967, IV (2),

pp. 109-21. Reconsiders arguments in recent publications on modernization or replacement of housing - the economic, social and administrative factors involved.

SILBERG, RICHARD

The Devolution of the People. New York: Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc., 1967, 241 pp., \$4.95, L.C. 67-10771. An examination of contemporary society from the standpoint of individual psychology, and the super-individual entity evolving in regular patterns throughout history. The prevalent sense of alienation is the logical tendency of cultural evolution.

SIMON, RITA JAMES, ed. As We Saw the Thirties: Essays on Social and Political

Movements of a Decade. Urbana, Ill.: University of Illinois Press, 1967, 253 pp., \$6.50, L.C. 66-15475. Essays on the purposes, goals, achievements and the historical context of the 1930's. Earl Browder, Hal Draper, Granville Hicks, A. J. Muste, Max Schachtman, Gerald L. K. Smith, Norman Thomas, and Burton K. Wheeler are the authors.

SMITH, ROBERT A., JR. An Annotated Bibliography on the Design of Instructional

Systems. Washington, D. C.: The George Washington University, Human Resources Research Office, 1967, 132 pp. (paper), Technical Report 67-5. A compilation of references on the systems approach to designing instructional systems. Special emphasis is given to aspects of military training technology from 1950-65.

SOMBART, WERNER

Luxury and Capitalism. Ann Arbor, Mich.: The University of Michigan Press, 1967, 200 pp., \$6.50, L.C. 67-11982. Demonstrates the importance of luxury in the development of capitalism. Advances some theories on the role of woman in the demand for luxury and the effects of these demands on the growth of cities.

STENHOUSE, LAWRENCE, ed.

Discipline in Schools: A Symposium, Oxford, England:

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Pergamon Press Ltd., 1967, 203 pp., \$5.50 (cloth) \$4.50 (paper), L.C. 67-18943. A collection of readings on the various problems of discipline encountered by teachers in the classroom. The authors are William F. MacKechnie, Lawrence Stenhouse, Desmond Morrow, Margaret M. Clark, and Keith Dixon.

SULEIMAN, MICHAEL W.

Political Parties in Lebanon: The Challenge of a Fragmented Political Culture. Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1967, 326 pp., \$7.50, L.C. 67-14604. The political parties in Lebanon demonstrate the function and limitations of parties in many emerging nations. Political parties are classified and their history, organization, platforms, and ideology are presented.

THAYER, LEE, ed. Communication: Theory and Research. Springfield, Ill.: Charles C. Thomas, 1967, 583 pp., \$22.50, L.C. 66-14275. Proceedings of the First International Symposium on Communication Theory and Resarch. Nineteen papers in the life and behavioral sciences on the problems of human communication. Some of the participants are Samuel N. Eisenstadt, Jurger Ruesch, Ruth M. Davis, and Nathan Maccoby.

THOMAS, EDWIN J., ed.

Behavioral Science for Social Workers. New York: The Free Press, 1967, 492 pp., \$7.95, L.C. 67-10837. A book of readings concerning the central issues of policy, practice and service in social welfare, which includes such topics as problematic children in the classroom, the one-parent family, and social class and mental illness. Some of the authors are Donna L. McLeod, Henry J. Meyer, Edwin J. Thomas, Jack Rothman, and Jesse E. Gordon.

TRESS, R. C.

"The New Regional Planning Machinery and Its Research Needs." Regional Studies, 1967, I (1), pp. 23-26. The new British regional economic planning machinery has created new research needs. Three important questions considered are the impact of the national motorway system; the minimum population needed to make Cornwall and Devon a viable unit with jobs for the population; and the future of certain country towns and villages.

TURNER, VICTOR

The Forest of Symbols: Aspect of Ndembu Ritual. Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1967, 405 pp., \$15.00, L.C. 67-12308. A detailed record of the semantics of ritual symbolism of an African society. Based upon Turner's field work among the Ndembu of Zambia, it presents ethnographic description and theoretical interpretation.

VICKERS, SIR GEOFFREY

Towards a Sociology of Management. New York: Basic Books, 1967, 206 pp., \$5.95, L.C. 67-24410. Compares the management of business and other organizations with the controls of mechanical and other systems and brings out their similarities in terms of general systems theory. Vickers develops the concept of standards of success.

WALKER, EDWARD L. and McKEACHIE, WILBERT J.

Some Thoughts about Teaching the Beginning Course in Psychology. Belmont, Calif.: Brooks/Cole Publishing Co., 1967, 84 pp., \$2.35 (paper), L.C. 67-22404. An analysis of the goals and tools of the beginning course in psychology the needs of individual students and subgroups of students, the curriculum, and the techniques of teaching.

Factors." The British Journal of Criminology, 1967, VII (3), pp. 250-84. Attempts to relate the distribution of delinquency in the London county area to a variety of ecological factors and then define the attributes that distinguish the "delinquent areas."

WARNER, W. LLOYD, UNWALLA, DARAB B., and TRIMM, JOHN H., eds. The Emergent American Society: Vol. I, Large-Scale Or-

ganizations. New Haven, Conn.: Yale University Press, 1967,

667 pp., \$15.00, L.C. 67-13450. An analysis of the development of the major social elements in contemporary America from early diffused fragmentation to vast hierarchial organizations. The authors are June M. Collins, George D. Down-

ing, Robert J. Havighurst, William E. Henry, Desmond D. Martin, Frank G. Nall II, Gibson Winter, and the editors.

WEISS, PETER

"The Custodial Hospital as a Community Resource for Psychiatric Treatment." Community Mental Health Journal, 1967, III (2), pp. 171-78. The custodial practices in mental hospitals are usually regarded as inimical to treatment objectives. Describes the use of a custodial hospital setting for

psychiatric treatment purposes. WELSH, WILLIAM A. "The TRIAL System: Information Retrieval in Political Science." American Behavioral Scientist, 1967, 10 (5), pp. 11-24. Describes an information retrieval system, an interdisciplinary literature bank for behavioral scientists in the

Department of Political Science at the University of Georgia.

The program also serves as student orientation to electronic data processing equipment.

WESTIN, ALAN F. Privacy and Freedom. New York: Atheneum Publishers, 1967, 487 pp., \$10.00, L.C. 67-14335. Examines the nature and use of privacy-invasion devices by the government, industry, and private individuals, and shows how the legis-

latures, the press and other institutions have responded to this problem. Discusses the meaning of privacy to the American citizen.

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